

## DESCRIPTION

SYNCHRONIZATION TRACKING APPARATUS AND METHOD

## 5 Technical Field

The present invention relates to a synchronization tracking apparatus and method in a multicarrier radio communication system.

## 10 Background Art

A conventional synchronization tracking method will be described with reference to FIG.1 through FIG.3. In a conventional synchronization tracking method, an FFT timing position is detected by processing called guard correlation processing. With the OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing) communication method, in order to mitigate multipath effects, OFDM symbols contained in a received signal comprise a guard section and an effective symbol section, as shown in FIG.1(a), with the guard section reproducing the latter part of the effective symbols cyclically. As shown in FIG.1(b), an OFDM signal is delayed by the equivalent of the effective symbol period, and OFDM signals before and after the delay are multiplied. A correlation value is obtained so that 25 the delayed signal component matches the signal component of the delay-free path in the guard period part, and correlation does not appear in other sections. This correlation signal is slide-integrated for the length

of the guard period. As a result, as shown in FIG.1(c), a triangular waveform is obtained in which a peak appears at the symbol boundary in a delay-free path signal. An approximation of FFT synchronization timing can be  
5 detected from this peak.

Next, a complex signal at the carrier location of the signal in which the reference signal at the start of a frame is modulated is obtained from a signal that has undergone FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) processing,  
10 and a transmission path characteristic is found by means of the known reference signal. Following this, IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier Transform) processing is performed, the power value of the IFFT-processed signal is calculated, and the power value peak is detected. Using this power  
15 value peak position, the FFT window position is determined, and an approximation of the aforementioned FFT synchronization timing found previously is corrected.

FIG.2(a) shows received OFDM symbols. Here, it is assumed that there is no positional deviation from the  
20 section IFFT-processed on the transmitting side. The impulse response of the signal shown in FIG.2(a) appears at the position shown in FIG.2(c) (for the sake of explanation, it is assumed that the impulse appears in the center when the DC component undergoes inverse Fourier  
25 transform processing). The FFT window position at this time is as shown in FIG.2(e).

However, in a case where positional deviation occurs in OFDM symbols, as shown in FIG.2(b), the impulse position

is also displaced and appears at the position shown in FIG.2(d). Thus, the position of the Fourier transform window is displaced by the amount of deviation from position {FIG.2(c)} at which it should originally appear.

5 In the case in FIG.2, the main wave impulse component appears in the center as a result of the Fourier transform window position being changed to the position shown in FIG.2(f). In this way the FFT window position is decided, but when an impulse appears as shown in FIG.2(d), the  
10 FFT window can also be set to a position displaced by a fixed amount up to half the guard section, as shown in FIG.2(g). With regard to delay profile output, in both the case where the FFT window is set to the position shown in FIG.2(f) and the case where the FFT window is set to  
15 the position shown in FIG.2(g), output is performed in a fixed manner with the normal FFT window position as the center. By this means, a pre-ghost and after-ghost can be confirmed.

FIG.3(a) shows the delay profile when there is an  
20 after-ghost, and FIG.3(b) shows the delay profile when there is a pre-ghost. That is to say, in the case in FIG.3(a), the impulse after the position of the main wave impulse in the center is identified as an after-ghost, and time A can be measured as the after-ghost delay time.  
25 Similarly, in the case in FIG.3(b), the impulse before the position of the main wave impulse in the center is identified as a pre-ghost, and time B can be measured as the pre-ghost delay time.

An FFT window position recovery apparatus, which is one kind of synchronization tracking apparatus, acquires an initial predicted value using the peak of cross-correlation values of a known training sequence or the like, and then adjusts the FFT synchronization timing based on this acquired peak position (see, for example, Unexamined Japanese Patent Publication No.2001-268042).

However, with a conventional synchronization tracking apparatus, since the peak value of correlation values is not necessarily always at the start portion of a path group (main wave), when FFT synchronization timing is detected using the peak value of correlation values, even if a guard interval section is inserted in order to mitigate multipath effects when the correlation value peak value position and the path group position are widely separated on the time axis, multipath effects cannot be mitigated in a case where the peak value position exceeds the interval permitted by the guard interval section, and there is thus a problem of reception quality degrading because multipath effects cannot be mitigated using guard interval sections.

#### Disclosure of Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide a synchronization tracking apparatus and method that enable multipath effects to be mitigated and reception quality to be improved.

A first aspect of the present invention provides a synchronization tracking apparatus comprising a replica generation section that performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generates a replica, a delay profile generation section that calculates a correlation value between the aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received signal and generates a delay profile, an integral value calculation section that integrates aforementioned correlation values for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculates a plurality of integral values, a maximum integral value detection section that detects the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, and a demodulation timing detection section that detects the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value.

A second aspect of the present invention provides a synchronization tracking method comprising a replica generation step of performing multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generating a replica, a delay profile generation step of calculating a correlation value between the aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received signal and generating a delay profile, an integration step of integrating aforementioned correlation values for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculating a

plurality of integral values, a maximum integral value detection step of detecting the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, and a demodulation timing detection step of  
5 detecting the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value.

A third aspect of the present invention provides a synchronization tracking apparatus comprising a replica  
10 generation section that performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generates a replica, a delay profile generation section that calculates a correlation value between the aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received  
15 signal and generates a delay profile, an integral value calculation section that integrates aforementioned correlation values for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculates a plurality of integral values, a maximum integral value detection  
20 section that detects the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, a first detection section that detects a first position at which the correlation value of the aforementioned delay profile from the aforementioned delay profile generation  
25 section first exceeds a threshold value from the start of the aforementioned delay profile in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated and generates first position

information, a second detection section that detects a second position at which the correlation value of the aforementioned delay profile from the aforementioned delay profile generation section first exceeds the  
5 aforementioned threshold value from the end of the aforementioned delay profile in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated and generates second position information, an interval calculation section that calculates the  
10 interval from the aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position based on the aforementioned first and second position information and generates interval information, and a demodulation timing detection section that detects demodulation timing based  
15 on the aforementioned interval information.

A fourth aspect of the present invention provides a synchronization tracking method comprising a replica generation step of performing multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generating  
20 a replica, a delay profile generation step of calculating a correlation value between the aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received signal and generating a delay profile, an integral value calculation step of having the aforementioned integral value calculation  
25 section integrate aforementioned correlation values for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculate a plurality of integral values, a maximum integral value detection step of detecting the maximum

integral value which is the maximum value of the  
aforementioned integral values, a first detection step  
of having the aforementioned first detection section  
detect a first position at which a correlation value of  
5 the aforementioned delay profile first exceeds a  
threshold value from the start of the aforementioned delay  
profile in the aforementioned fixed range in which the  
aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated and  
generate first position information, a second detection  
10 step of having the aforementioned second detection  
section detect a second position at which a correlation  
value of the aforementioned delay profile first exceeds  
the aforementioned threshold value from the end of the  
aforementioned delay profile in the aforementioned fixed  
15 range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value  
is calculated and generate second position information,  
an interval calculation step of calculating the interval  
from the aforementioned first position to the  
aforementioned second position based on the  
20 aforementioned first and second position information and  
generating and conveying to the aforementioned interval  
calculation section interval information, an interval  
determination step of determining whether an interval  
indicated by the aforementioned interval information is  
25 greater than or equal to a reference interval and  
generating a determination result, a threshold value  
changing step of changing and conveying to the  
aforementioned first and second detection sections the



aforementioned threshold value when it is indicated by the aforementioned determination result in the aforementioned interval determination step that the aforementioned interval is greater than or equal to the  
5 aforementioned reference interval, and a demodulation timing detection step of receiving the aforementioned first position information when it is indicated by the aforementioned determination result in the aforementioned interval determination step that the  
10 aforementioned interval is not greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval and detecting demodulation timing based on the aforementioned first position of that first position information.

A fifth aspect of the present invention provides  
15 a synchronization tracking apparatus comprising a replica generation section that performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generates a replica, a delay profile generation section that calculates a correlation value between the  
20 aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received signal and generates a delay profile, an integral value calculation section that integrates aforementioned correlation values for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculates a plurality  
25 of integral values, a maximum integral value detection section that detects the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, a maximum peak value detection section that detects the

maximum peak value of correlation values in the  
aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned  
maximum integral value is calculated, a positive  
direction position detection section that detects a first  
5 position at which the aforementioned correlation value  
first exceeds a threshold value in the positive direction  
which is the direction in which time advances from the  
aforementioned maximum peak value in the aforementioned  
fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral  
10 value is calculated and generates first position  
information, a negative direction position detection  
section that detects a second position at which the  
aforementioned correlation value first exceeds the  
aforementioned threshold value in the negative direction  
15 which is the direction in which time is counted backward  
from the aforementioned maximum peak value in the  
aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned  
maximum integral value is calculated and generates second  
position information, an interval calculation section  
20 that calculates the interval from the aforementioned  
first position to the aforementioned second position  
based on the aforementioned first and second position  
information and generates interval information, and a  
demodulation timing detection section that detects  
25 demodulation timing based on the aforementioned interval  
information and the aforementioned second position  
information.

A sixth aspect of the present invention provides

a synchronization tracking method comprising a replica generation step of performing multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generating a replica, a delay profile generation step of calculating  
5 a correlation value between the aforementioned replica and the aforementioned received signal and generating a delay profile, an integral value calculation step of integrating for each fixed range of the aforementioned delay profile and calculating a plurality of integral  
10 values, a maximum integral value detection step of detecting the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, a maximum peak value detection step of detecting the maximum peak value of the correlation values in the aforementioned  
15 fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated, a positive direction position detection step of detecting a first position at which the aforementioned correlation value first exceeds a threshold value in the positive direction which is the  
20 direction in which time advances from the aforementioned maximum peak value in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated and generating first position information, a negative direction position detection step of detecting  
25 a second position at which the aforementioned correlation value first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value in the negative direction which is the direction in which time is counted backward from the aforementioned maximum

peak value in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated and generating second position information, an interval calculation step of calculating the interval from the  
5   aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position based on the aforementioned first and second position information and generating interval information, and a demodulation timing detection step of detecting demodulation timing based on the  
10   aforementioned interval information and the aforementioned second position information.

#### Brief Description of Drawings

FIG.1 is a drawing for explaining a conventional  
15   synchronization tracking method;

FIG.2 is another drawing for explaining a conventional synchronization tracking method;

FIG.3 is another drawing for explaining a conventional synchronization tracking method;

20   FIG.4 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention;

FIG.5 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to  
25   Embodiment 1 of the present invention;

FIG.6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention;

FIG.7 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention;

5 FIG.8 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 4 of the present invention;

FIG.9 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention;

10 FIG.10 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 6 of the present invention;

FIG.11 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to  
15 Embodiment 7 of the present invention;

FIG.12 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention;

FIG.13 is a block diagram showing the configuration  
20 of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 9 of the present invention;

FIG.14 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention;

25 FIG.15 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 11 of the present invention;

FIG.16 is a block diagram showing the configuration

of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention;

FIG.17 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to  
5 Embodiment 13 of the present invention;

FIG.18 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention; and

FIG.19 is a block diagram showing the configuration  
10 of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 15 of the present invention.

#### Best Mode for Carrying out the Invention

The gist of Embodiments 1 through 7 of the present  
15 invention is that received signal delay profile integration is performed for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values is detected, and the  
20 demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value.

With reference now to the accompanying drawings, embodiments of the present invention will be explained  
25 in detail below.

(Embodiment 1)

FIG.4 is a block diagram showing the configuration

of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention.

As shown in FIG.4, a synchronization tracking apparatus 100 according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention comprises an antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, and demodulation timing detection section 107.

The input terminal of radio receiving section 102 is connected to the output terminal of antenna 101. The input terminal of replica generation section 103 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. An input terminal of delay profile generation section 104 is connected to the output terminal of replica generation section 103. The input terminal of integral value calculation section 105 is connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106 is connected to the output terminal of integral value calculation section 105. The input terminal of demodulation timing detection section 107 is connected to the output terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106.

Antenna 101 receives a radio transmit signal transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generates a received signal, and sends this received

signal to radio receiving section 102. Radio receiving section 102 performs predetermined processing on the received signal from antenna 101, and sends the processed received signal to replica generation section 103 and  
5 delay profile generation section 104. Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the received signal from radio receiving section 102, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section  
10 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal, generates a delay profile, and sends this delay profile to integral value calculation section 105.

15       Integral value calculation section 105 integrates a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 for each fixed range, calculates a plurality of integral values, and sends these integral values to maximum integral value detection section 106. That is  
20 to say, integral value calculation section 105 shifts a certain fixed range (several samples) at a time from the start of the delay profile, integrates the respective correlation values, and calculates a plurality of integral values.

25       Maximum integral value detection section 106 detects the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of integral values from integral value calculation section 105, and sends this maximum integral value to



demodulation timing detection section 107.

Demodulation timing detection section 107 detects the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed from the position of the maximum integral value from maximum integral value detection section 106.

Next, the operation of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention will be described with reference to FIG.4 and FIG.5. FIG.5 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention.

As shown in FIG.5, in step ST201, replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of a received signal and generates a replica. Then delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal, and generates a delay profile (step ST202).

Next, integral value calculation section 105 performs delay profile integration for each fixed range and calculates a plurality of integral values (step ST203). Following this, maximum integral value detection section 106 detects the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the plurality of integral values (step ST204). Then demodulation timing detection section 107 detects the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed from the position of the maximum integral value (step ST205).

Thus, according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention, received signal delay profile integration is performed for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which  
5 is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, so that when the delay profile peak value and path group  
10 positions are widely separated on the time axis, since the integral value of correlation values of the fixed range in which the correlation value peak value is located is small, the path signal of this correlation value peak value can be eliminated and demodulation timing can be  
15 detected, and the demodulation timing at which there is the least effect on reception quality can be detected, enabling multipath effects to be mitigated and reception quality to be improved.

20 (Embodiment 2)

Embodiment 2 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.6 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus  
25 according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 2 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in

Embodiment 1, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.6, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 300 according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention, detection sections 301 and 302, and an interval calculation section 303, have been added to  
5 synchronization tracking apparatus 100 according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention. That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus 300 according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention comprises an antenna  
10 101, radio receiving section 102, detection sections 301 and 302, interval calculation section 303, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, and demodulation  
15 timing detection section 107.

The input terminals of detection sections 301 and 302 are connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminals of interval calculation section 303 are connected to the output  
20 terminals of detection sections 301 and 302. The output terminals of delay profile generation section 104 and interval calculation section 303 are connected to the input terminals of integral value calculation section 105.

25 Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 300 according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention will now be described.

Detection section 301 detects a position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 first exceeds a threshold value from the start of the delay profile, generates first  
5 position information, and sends this first position information to interval calculation section 303. Also, detection section 302 detects a second position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 first exceeds the aforementioned  
10 threshold value from the end of the delay profile, generates second position information, and sends this second position information to interval calculation section 303.

Based on the first and second position information  
15 from detection sections 301 and 302, interval calculation section 303 calculates the interval from the first position to the second position, generates interval information, and sends this interval information to integral value calculation section 105. Integral value  
20 calculation section 105 integrates a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 for each fixed range within the interval indicated by interval information from interval calculation section 303, calculates a plurality of integral values, and sends these integral  
25 values to maximum integral value detection section 106.

Thus, according to Embodiment 2 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, demodulation

timing is calculated by calculating correlation value  
integral values of only an interval for which a delay  
profile correlation value is greater than or equal to  
a threshold value, thereby enabling the amount of  
5 computation to be reduced.

(Embodiment 3)

Embodiment 3 of the present invention will now be  
explained in detail with reference to the accompanying  
10 drawings. FIG.7 is a block diagram showing the  
configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus  
according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention.  
Configuration elements in Embodiment 3 of the present  
invention identical to those of Embodiment 1 of the present  
15 invention are assigned the same reference codes as in  
Embodiment 1, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.7, in a synchronization tracking  
apparatus 400 according to Embodiment 3 of the present  
invention, a plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N,  
20 radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay  
profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, and an  
addition section 401, are provided instead of antenna  
101, radio receiving section 102, and delay profile  
generation section 104 of synchronization tracking  
25 apparatus 100 according to Embodiment 1 of the present  
invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus  
400 according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention

comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, addition section 401, replica generation section 103, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, and demodulation timing detection section 107.

The input terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of replica generation section 103 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N and replica generation section 103. The input terminals of addition section 401 are connected to the output terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 400 according to Embodiment 3 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention will now be described.

Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and send these received signals to radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the

plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through 101-N, and send the processed plurality of received signals to replica generation section 103 and delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

5    Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N. Delay  
10   profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N calculate correlation values between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the plurality of received signals, generate a plurality of delay profiles, and send these delay profiles to addition section 401. Addition  
15   section 401 adds the plurality of delay profiles from delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N and sends the result to integral value calculation section 105.

        Thus, according to Embodiment 3 of the present  
20   invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, a plurality of delay profiles are generated based on a plurality of received signals, these delay profiles are added, the added delay profile is integrated for each fixed range  
25   and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation

is performed is detected from the position of the  
aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling  
stable demodulation timing to be detected.

5     (Embodiment 4)

Embodiment 4 of the present invention will now be  
explained in detail with reference to the accompanying  
drawings. FIG.8 is a block diagram showing the  
configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus  
10 according to Embodiment 4 of the present invention.  
Configuration elements in Embodiment 4 of the present  
invention identical to those of Embodiment 1 of the present  
invention are assigned the same reference codes as in  
Embodiment 1, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

15     As shown in FIG.8, in a synchronization tracking  
apparatus 500 according to Embodiment 4 of the present  
invention, plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N,  
radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and a  
selection section 501, are provided instead of antenna  
20 101 and radio receiving section 102 of synchronization  
tracking apparatus 100 according to Embodiment 1 of the  
present invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus  
500 according to Embodiment 4 of the present invention  
25 comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N,  
radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, selection  
section 501, replica generation section 103, delay  
profile generation section 104, integral value



calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, and demodulation timing detection section 107.

5       The input terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of replica generation section 103 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of selection section 501 are connected  
10   to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of delay profile generation section 104 are connected to the output terminals of selection section 501 and replica generation section 103.

15       Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 500 according to Embodiment 4 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention will now be described.

20       Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and send these received signals to radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the  
25   plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through 101-N, and send the processed plurality of received signals to replica generation section 103 and selection section 501. Replica generation section 103 performs

multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section 104. Selection section 501 selects the received signal with the best reception quality from the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and sends this received signal to delay profile generation section 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal from selection section 501, and generates a delay profile.

Thus, according to Embodiment 4 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, a delay profile is generated based on the received signal with the best reception quality among a plurality of received signals, this delay profile is integrated for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling highly precise demodulation timing to be detected.

(Embodiment 5)

Embodiment 5 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.9 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 5 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 1, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.9, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 600 according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention, a delay profile generation section 610 is provided instead of delay profile generation section 104 of synchronization tracking apparatus 100 according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention. That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus 600 according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention comprises antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 610, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, and demodulation timing detection section 107.

Delay profile generation section 610 comprises a correlation value generation section 611, thinning-out interval setting section 612, and in-phase addition section 613. An input terminal of correlation value generation section 611 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. The input terminals of

in-phase addition section 613 are connected to the output terminals of correlation value generation section 611 and thinning-out interval setting section 612. The output terminal of in-phase addition section 613 is  
5 connected to the input terminal of integral value calculation section 105.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 600 according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 1 of the present  
10 invention will now be described.

Correlation value generation section 611 calculates a correlation value between a replica from replica generation section 103 and a received signal from radio receiving section 102, and sends this correlation value  
15 to in-phase addition section 613. Thinning-out interval setting section 612 sets a thinning-out interval and conveys this thinning-out interval to in-phase addition section 613. When performing in-phase addition of correlation values from correlation value generation  
20 section 611, in-phase addition section 613 thins out correlation values based on the thinning-out interval from thinning-out interval setting section 612 and performs in-phase addition, generates a correlation value, and sends this correlation value to integral value  
25 calculation section 105.

Thus, according to Embodiment 5 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, when performing

in-phase addition of delay profile correlation values, correlation values are thinned out based on a predetermined thinning-out interval in performing in-phase addition, a correlation value is generated, a  
5 delay profile is integrated for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation  
10 is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling the amount of computation to be reduced.

(Embodiment 6)

15 Embodiment 6 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.10 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 6 of the present invention.  
20 Configuration elements in Embodiment 6 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 1, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.10, a synchronization tracking  
25 apparatus 700 according to Embodiment 6 of the present invention comprises antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation

section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, demodulation timing detection section 107, a delay spread value calculation section 701, reference value setting section 702, delay spread value determination section 703, detection sections 704 and 705, an interval calculation section 706, interval determination section 707, threshold value changing section 708, and demodulation timing detection section 709.

The input terminal of radio receiving section 102 is connected to the output terminal of antenna 101. The input terminal of replica generation section 103 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. An input terminal of delay profile generation section 104 is connected to the output terminal of replica generation section 103. An input terminal of integral value calculation section 105 is connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106 is connected to the output terminal of integral value calculation section 105. The input terminal of demodulation timing detection section 107 is connected to the output terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106.

The input terminal of delay spread value calculation section 701 is connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. Input terminals of delay spread value determination section 703 are connected to the output terminals of delay spread value calculation

section 701 and reference value setting section 702. Input terminals of integral value calculation section 105, and detection sections 704 and 705, are connected to an output terminal of delay spread value determination  
5 section 703. Input terminals of detection sections 704 and 705 are connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminals of interval calculation section 706 are connected to the output terminals of detection sections 704 and 705. The  
10 input terminal of interval determination section 707 is connected to the output terminal of interval calculation section 706. The input terminal of threshold value changing section 708 is connected to an output terminal of interval determination section 707. The output  
15 terminal of threshold value changing section 708 is connected to input terminals of detection sections 704 and 705. The input terminal of demodulation timing detection section 709 is connected to an output terminal of interval determination section 707.

20        Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 700 according to Embodiment 6 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 1 of the present invention will now be described.

      Delay spread value calculation section 701 receives  
25 a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104, generates a delay spread value indicating the spread of the delay profile correlation values, and sends this delay spread value to delay spread value determination

section 703. Reference value setting section 702 sets a delay spread value reference value, and sends this reference value to delay spread value determination section 703. Delay spread value determination section 703 determines whether a delay spread value from delay spread value calculation section 701 is greater than or equal to the reference value, generates a determination result, and sends this determination result to integral value calculation section 105 and detection sections 704 and 705.

When it is indicated by the determination result from delay spread value determination section 703 that the delay spread value is greater than or equal to the reference value, integral value calculation section 105 integrates the delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 for each fixed range, calculates a plurality of integral values, and sends these integral values to maximum integral value detection section 106.

When it is indicated by the determination result from delay spread value determination section 703 that the delay spread value is not greater than or equal to the reference value, detection section 704 detects a position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 first exceeds a threshold value from the start of the delay profile, generates first position information, and sends this first position information to interval calculation section 706. Also, when it is indicated by the



determination result from delay spread value  
determination section 703 that the delay spread value  
is not greater than or equal to the reference value,  
detection section 705 detects a second position at which  
5 a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile  
generation section 104 first exceeds the aforementioned  
threshold value from the end of the delay profile,  
generates second position information, and sends this  
second position information to interval calculation  
10 section 706.

Based on the first and second position information  
from detection sections 704 and 705, interval calculation  
section 706 calculates the interval from the first  
position to the second position, generates interval  
15 information, and sends this interval information to  
interval determination section 707. Interval  
determination section 707 determines whether the interval  
indicated by the aforementioned interval information is  
greater than or equal to a reference interval, generates  
20 a determination result, and sends this determination  
result to threshold value changing section 708 and  
demodulation timing detection section 709.

When it is indicated by the determination result  
from interval determination section 707 that the interval  
25 is greater than or equal to the reference interval,  
threshold value changing section 708 changes the  
threshold value — that is, re-sets the threshold value  
— and sends the re-set threshold value to detection

sections 704 and 705. When it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 707 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the reference interval, demodulation timing detection section 709 receives the aforementioned first position information from interval determination section 707 and detects the demodulation timing based on the aforementioned first position of that first position information.

10           Thus, according to Embodiment 6 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, the demodulation timing detection operation can be changed according to a delay profile delay spread value, enabling demodulation timing to be detected accurately.

(Embodiment 7)

Embodiment 7 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.11 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 7 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 7 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 6 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 6, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.11, a synchronization tracking apparatus 800 according to Embodiment 7 of the present

invention comprises antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, demodulation timing detection section 107, delay spread value calculation section 701, reference value setting section 702, delay spread value determination section 703, a maximum peak value detection section 801, detection sections 802 and 803, an interval calculation section 804, interval determination section 805, threshold value changing section 806, negative direction position storage section 807, and demodulation timing detection section 808.

Input terminals of maximum peak value detection section 801 and detection sections 802 and 803 are connected to an output terminal of delay spread value determination section 703. Input terminals of detection sections 802 and 803 are connected to an output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. Input terminals of interval calculation section 804 are connected to output terminals of detection sections 802 and 803. The input terminal of interval determination section 805 is connected to the output terminal of interval calculation section 804. The input terminal of threshold value changing section 806 is connected to the output terminal of interval determination section 805. An output terminal of threshold value changing section 806 is connected to input terminals of detection sections 802

and 803. The input terminal of negative direction position storage section 807 is connected to an output terminal of threshold value changing section 806. Input terminals of demodulation timing detection section 808  
5 are connected to the output terminals of interval determination section 805 and negative direction position storage section 807.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 800 according to Embodiment 7 of the present invention  
10 that differ from those of Embodiment 6 of the present invention will now be described.

When it is indicated by a determination result from delay spread value determination section 703 that the delay spread value is not greater than or equal to a  
15 reference value, maximum peak value detection section 801 detects the maximum peak value of delay profile correlation values from delay profile generation section 104, and sends this maximum peak value to detection sections 802 and 803.

20 Detection section 802 generates third position information indicating a third position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 is first greater than or equal to a threshold value in the positive direction, which  
25 is the direction in which time advances from the maximum peak value, and sends this third position information to interval calculation section 804. Detection section 803 generates fourth position information indicating a

fourth position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 is first greater than or equal to a threshold value in the negative direction, which is the direction in which time is counted backward from the maximum peak value, and sends this fourth position information to interval calculation section 804.

Based on the third and fourth position information from detection sections 802 and 803, interval calculation section 804 calculates the interval from the third position to the fourth position, generates interval information, and sends this interval information to interval determination section 805. Interval determination section 805 receives the third and fourth position information and interval information from interval calculation section 804, determines whether the interval indicated by the aforementioned interval information is greater than or equal to a reference interval, generates a determination result, and sends this determination result to threshold value changing section 806 and demodulation timing detection section 808.

When it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 805 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the reference interval, threshold value changing section 806 changes the threshold value - that is, re-sets the threshold value - and sends the re-set threshold value to detection sections 802 and 803, and also sends the fourth position

information to negative direction position storage section 807 and stores the fourth position information therein. Also, threshold value changing section 806 receives a determination result from interval  
5 determination section 805 and sends this determination result to demodulation timing detection section 808. At the time at which a change is made from when it is indicated by the aforementioned determination result from interval determination section 805 that the aforementioned  
10 interval is not greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval to when it is indicated that the aforementioned interval is greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval, demodulation timing detection section 808 reads the fourth position  
15 information stored previously in negative direction position storage section 807, and detects the demodulation timing based on the aforementioned fourth position of that fourth position information.

Thus, according to Embodiment 7 of the present  
20 invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 1 of the present invention, the demodulation timing detection operation can be changed according to a delay profile delay spread value, enabling demodulation timing to be detected accurately.

25 The gist of Embodiments 8 through 11 of the present invention is that aforementioned correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of a delay profile of a received signal and a plurality of integral

values are calculated, the maximum integral value which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values is detected, a first position at which an aforementioned delay profile correlation value first exceeds a threshold value from the start of the aforementioned delay profile and a second position at which an aforementioned delay profile correlation value first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value from the end of the aforementioned delay profile are detected in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated, the interval from the aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position is calculated and interval information is generated, and demodulation timing is detected based on this interval information.

(Embodiment 8)

FIG.12 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention.

As shown in FIG.12, a synchronization tracking apparatus 900 according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention comprises antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, detection sections 901 and 902, interval calculation section 903, interval determination section 904,

threshold value changing section 905, and demodulation timing detection section 906.

The input terminal of radio receiving section 102 is connected to the output terminal of antenna 101. The  
5 input terminal of replica generation section 103 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. An input terminal of delay profile generation section 104 is connected to the output terminal of replica generation section 103. The input terminal  
10 of integral value calculation section 105 is connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106 is connected to the output terminal of integral value calculation section 105. Input  
15 terminals of detection sections 901 and 902 are connected to the output terminals of delay profile generation section 104 and maximum integral value detection section 106. The input terminals of interval calculation section 903 are connected to the output terminals of detection  
20 sections 901 and 902. The input terminal of interval determination section 904 is connected to the output terminal of interval calculation section 903. The input terminal of threshold value changing section 905 is connected to an output terminal of interval determination  
25 section 904. The output terminal of threshold value changing section 905 is connected to input terminals of detection sections 901 and 902. The input terminal of demodulation timing detection section 906 is connected



to an output terminal of interval determination section 904.

Antenna 101 receives a radio transmit signal transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown),  
5 generates a received signal, and sends this received signal to radio receiving section 102. Radio receiving section 102 performs predetermined processing on the received signal from antenna 101, and sends the processed received signal to replica generation section 103 and  
10 delay profile generation section 104. Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the received signal from radio receiving section 102, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section  
15 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal, generates a delay profile, and sends this delay profile to integral value calculation section 105.

20 Integral value calculation section 105 integrates a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 for each fixed range, calculates a plurality of integral values, and sends these integral values to maximum integral value detection section 106. That is  
25 to say, integral value calculation section 105 shifts a certain fixed range (several samples) at a time from the start of the delay profile, integrates the respective correlation values, and calculates a plurality of

integral values.

Maximum integral value detection section 106 detects the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of integral values from integral value calculation section 105, and sends this maximum integral value to  
5 detection sections 901 and 902.

Detection section 901 detects a first position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 first exceeds a threshold  
10 value from the start of the delay profile in the aforementioned fixed range in which the maximum integral value from maximum integral value detection section 106 is calculated, generates first position information, and sends this first position information to interval  
15 calculation section 903. Also, detection section 902 detects a second position at which a correlation value of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104 first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value from the end of the delay profile in the aforementioned fixed  
20 range in which the maximum integral value from maximum integral value detection section 106 is calculated, generates second position information, and sends this second position information to interval calculation section 903.

25 Based on the first and second position information from detection sections 901 and 902, interval calculation section 903 calculates the interval from the first position to the second position, generates interval

information, and sends this interval information together with the first and second position information to interval determination section 904. Interval determination section 904 determines whether the interval indicated by the aforementioned interval information is greater than or equal to a reference interval, generates a determination result, and sends this determination result to threshold value changing section 905 and demodulation timing detection section 906.

10           When it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 904 that the interval is greater than or equal to the reference interval, threshold value changing section 905 changes the threshold value – that is, re-sets the threshold value – and sends the re-set threshold value to detection sections 901 and 902. When it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 904 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the reference interval, demodulation timing detection section 906 receives the aforementioned first position information from interval determination section 904 and detects the demodulation timing based on the aforementioned first position of that first position information. The combination of interval determination section 904, threshold value changing section 905, and demodulation timing detection section 906, makes up a demodulation timing detection unit 910 that detects the demodulation timing based on the aforementioned interval

information.

Thus, according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention, received signal delay profile integration is performed for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, so that when the delay profile peak value and path group positions are widely separated on the time axis, since the integral value of correlation values of the fixed range in which the correlation value peak value is located is small, the path signal of this correlation value peak value can be eliminated and demodulation timing can be detected, and the demodulation timing at which there is the least effect on reception quality can be detected, enabling multipath effects to be mitigated and reception quality to be improved.

Also, according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention, a first position at which a delay profile correlation value first exceeds a threshold value from the start of the aforementioned delay profile and a second position at which an aforementioned correlation value first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value from the end of the aforementioned delay profile are detected in the aforementioned fixed range in which the maximum integral value is calculated, the interval from the

aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position is calculated based on the aforementioned first and second position information and interval information is generated, and demodulation timing can be detected based on this interval information, thereby enabling demodulation timing to be detected accurately in any kind of multipath environment.

(Embodiment 9)

Embodiment 9 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.13 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 9 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 9 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 8 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 8, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.13, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 1000 according to Embodiment 9 of the present invention, a plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, and an addition section 1001, are provided instead of antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, and delay profile generation section 104 of synchronization tracking apparatus 900 according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus 1000 according to Embodiment 9 of the present invention comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay  
5 profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, addition section 1001, replica generation section 103, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, detection sections 901 and 902, interval calculation section 903, interval determination  
10 section 904, threshold value changing section 905, and demodulation timing detection section 906.

The input terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of  
15 replica generation section 103 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N and  
20 replica generation section 103. The input terminals of addition section 1001 are connected to the output terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus  
25 1000 according to Embodiment 9 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 8 of the present invention will now be described.

Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality

of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and send these received signals to radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1  
5 through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through 101-N, and send the processed plurality of received signals to replica generation section 103 and delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

10 Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N. Delay  
15 profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N calculate correlation values between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the plurality of received signals, generate a plurality of delay profiles, and send these delay profiles to addition section 1001. Addition  
20 section 1001 adds the plurality of delay profiles from delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N and sends the result to integral value calculation section 105.

Thus, according to Embodiment 9 of the present  
25 invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 8 of the present invention, a plurality of delay profiles are generated based on a plurality of received signals, these delay profiles are added, the

added delay profile is integrated for each fixed range and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling stable demodulation timing to be detected.

10 (Embodiment 10)

Embodiment 10 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.14 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 10 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 8 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 8, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

20 As shown in FIG.14, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 1100 according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention, plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and a selection section 1101, are provided instead of antenna 101 and radio receiving section 102 of synchronization tracking apparatus 900 according to Embodiment 8 of the present invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus



1100 according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, selection section 1101, replica generation section 103, delay  
5 profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, detection sections 901 and 902, interval calculation section 903, interval determination section 904, threshold value changing section 905, and  
10 demodulation timing detection section 906.

The input terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of replica generation section 103 are connected to the output  
15 terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of selection section 1101 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of delay profile generation section 104 are connected to  
20 the output terminals of selection section 1101 and replica generation section 103.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 1100 according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 8 of the present  
25 invention will now be described.

Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and

send these received signals to radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through 101-N, and send the processed plurality of received signals to replica generation section 103 and selection section 1101. Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section 104. Selection section 1101 selects the received signal with the best reception quality from the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and sends this received signal to delay profile generation section 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal from selection section 1101, and generates a delay profile.

Thus, according to Embodiment 10 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 8 of the present invention, a delay profile is generated based on the received signal with the best reception quality among a plurality of received signals, correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of this delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which

is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values,  
is detected, and the demodulation timing at which  
multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from  
the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value,  
5 thereby enabling highly precise demodulation timing to  
be detected.

(Embodiment 11)

Embodiment 11 of the present invention will now be  
10 explained in detail with reference to the accompanying  
drawings. FIG.15 is a block diagram showing the  
configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus  
according to Embodiment 11 of the present invention.  
Configuration elements in Embodiment 11 of the present  
15 invention identical to those of Embodiment 8 of the present  
invention are assigned the same reference codes as in  
Embodiment 8, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.15, in a synchronization tracking  
apparatus 1200 according to Embodiment 11 of the present  
20 invention, a delay profile generation section 1210 is  
provided instead of delay profile generation section 104  
of synchronization tracking apparatus 900 according to  
Embodiment 8 of the present invention. That is to say,  
synchronization tracking apparatus 1200 according to  
25 Embodiment 11 of the present invention comprises antenna  
101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation  
section 103, delay profile generation section 1210,  
integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral

value detection section 106, detection sections 901 and 902, interval calculation section 903, interval determination section 904, threshold value changing section 905, and demodulation timing detection section 906.

Delay profile generation section 1210 comprises a correlation value generation section 1211, thinning-out interval setting section 1212, and in-phase addition section 1213. An input terminal of correlation value generation section 1211 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. The input terminals of in-phase addition section 1213 are connected to the output terminals of correlation value generation section 1211 and thinning-out interval setting section 1212. The output terminal of in-phase addition section 1213 is connected to the input terminal of integral value calculation section 105.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 1200 according to Embodiment 11 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 8 of the present invention will now be described.

Correlation value generation section 1211 calculates a correlation value between a replica from replica generation section 103 and a received signal from radio receiving section 102, and sends this correlation value to in-phase addition section 1213. Thinning-out interval setting section 1212 sets a thinning-out interval and conveys this thinning-out interval to

in-phase addition section 1213. When performing in-phase addition of correlation values from correlation value generation section 1211, in-phase addition section 1213 thins out correlation values based on the  
5 thinning-out interval from thinning-out interval setting section 1212 and performs in-phase addition, generates a correlation value, and sends this correlation value to integral value calculation section 105.

Thus, according to Embodiment 11 of the present  
10 invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 8 of the present invention, when performing in-phase addition of delay profile correlation values, correlation values are thinned out based on a predetermined thinning-out interval in performing  
15 in-phase addition, a correlation value is generated, correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of the delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values,  
20 is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling the amount of computation to be reduced.

The gist of Embodiments 12 through 15 of the present  
25 invention is that aforementioned correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of a delay profile of a received signal and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value which

is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values is detected, a first position at which a correlation value first exceeds a threshold value in the positive direction which is the direction in which time advances from the maximum peak value is detected in a fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated, a second position at which the aforementioned correlation value first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value in the negative direction which is the direction in which time is counted backward from the maximum peak value is detected in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated, the interval from the aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position is calculated based on the aforementioned first and second position information and interval information is generated, and demodulation timing is detected based on the aforementioned interval information and the aforementioned second position information.

20

(Embodiment 12)

FIG.16 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention.

25 As shown in FIG.16, a synchronization tracking apparatus 1300 according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention comprises

As shown in FIG.16, a synchronization tracking

apparatus 1300 according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention comprises antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, a maximum peak value detection section 1301, positive direction position detection section 1302, negative direction position detection section 1303, interval calculation section 1304, interval determination section 1305, threshold value changing section 1306, negative direction position storage section 1307, and demodulation timing detection section 1308.

The input terminal of radio receiving section 102 is connected to the output terminal of antenna 101. The input terminal of replica generation section 103 is connected to the output terminal of radio receiving section 102. The input terminals of delay profile generation section 104 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving section 102 and replica generation section 103. The input terminal of integral value calculation section 105 is connected to the output terminal of delay profile generation section 104. The input terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106 is connected to the output terminal of integral value calculation section 105. The input terminal of maximum peak value detection section 1301 is connected to the output terminal of maximum integral value detection section 106. Input terminals of positive direction

position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303 are connected to the output terminals of delay profile generation section 104 and maximum peak value detection section 1301. The input  
5 terminals of interval calculation section 1304 are connected to the output terminals of positive direction position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303. The input terminal of threshold value changing section 1306 is connected to  
10 an output terminal of interval determination section 1305. An output terminal of threshold value changing section 1306 is connected to input terminals of positive direction position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303. The input terminal of  
15 negative direction position storage section 1307 is connected to an output terminal of threshold value changing section 1306. The input terminals of demodulation timing detection section 1308 are connected to output terminals of interval determination section  
20 1305 and negative direction position storage section 1307.

Antenna 101 receives a radio transmit signal transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generates a received signal, and sends this received  
25 signal to radio receiving section 102. Radio receiving section 102 performs predetermined processing on the received signal from antenna 101, and sends the processed received signal to replica generation section 103 and



delay profile generation section 104. Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the received signal from radio receiving section 102, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal, generates a delay profile, and sends this delay profile to integral value calculation section 105.

Integral value calculation section 105 performs correlation value integration for each fixed range of a delay profile from delay profile generation section 104, calculates a plurality of integral values, and sends these integral values to maximum integral value detection section 106. That is to say, integral value calculation section 105 shifts a certain fixed range (several samples) at a time from the start of the delay profile, integrates the respective correlation values, and calculates a plurality of integral values.

Maximum integral value detection section 106 detects the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of integral values from integral value calculation section 105, and sends this maximum integral value to maximum peak value detection section 1301. Maximum peak value detection section 1301 detects the maximum peak value of correlation values in the fixed range in which the maximum integral value from maximum integral value

detection section 106 is calculated, and sends this maximum peak value to positive direction position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303.

5           Positive direction position detection section 1302 detects a first position at which a correlation value first exceeds a threshold value in the positive direction, which is the direction in which time advances from the maximum peak value, in the fixed range in which the maximum  
10 integral value is calculated, generates first position information, and sends this first position information to interval calculation section 1304. Negative direction position detection section 1303 detects a second position at which a correlation value first exceeds  
15 a threshold value in the negative direction, which is the direction in which time is counted backward from the maximum peak value, in the fixed range in which the maximum integral value is calculated, generates second position information, and sends this second position information  
20 to interval calculation section 1304. Based on the first and second position information from positive direction position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303, interval calculation section 1304 calculates the interval from the first  
25 position to the second position, generates interval information, and sends this interval information to interval determination section 1305.

Interval determination section 1305 receives the

first and second position information and interval information from interval calculation section 1304, determines whether the interval indicated by the interval information is greater than or equal to a reference interval, generates a determination result, and sends this determination result to threshold value changing section 1306 and demodulation timing detection section 1308. When it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 1305 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the reference interval, threshold value changing section 1306 changes the threshold value and sends the changed threshold value to positive direction position detection section 1302 and negative direction position detection section 1303. Also, when it is indicated by the determination result from interval determination section 1305 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval, threshold value changing section 1306 sends second position information to negative direction position storage section 1307. Negative direction position storage section 1307 receives the second position information from threshold value changing section 1306 and stores that second position information.

At the time at which a change is made from when it is indicated by the aforementioned determination result from interval determination section 1305 that the interval is not greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval to when it is indicated that the

interval is greater than or equal to the aforementioned reference interval, demodulation timing detection section 1308 reads the second position information from negative direction position storage section 1307, and  
5 detects the demodulation timing based on the second position of that second position information.

The combination of interval determination section 1305, threshold value changing section 1306, negative direction position storage section 1307, and demodulation  
10 timing detection section 1308, makes up a demodulation timing detection unit 1310 that detects the demodulation timing based on the interval information and second position information.

According to Embodiment 12 of the present invention,  
15 integration is performed for each fixed range of a received signal delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which  
20 multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, so that when the delay profile peak value and path group positions are widely separated on the time axis, since the integral value of correlation values of the fixed  
25 range in which the correlation value peak value is located is small, the path signal of the correlation value peak value can be eliminated and demodulation timing can be detected, and the demodulation timing at which there is

the least effect on reception quality can be detected, enabling multipath effects to be mitigated and reception quality to be improved.

Also, according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention, a first position at which a delay profile correlation value first exceeds a threshold value in the positive direction, which is the direction in which time advances from the maximum peak value, is detected in the fixed range in which the maximum integral value is calculated, a second position at which a delay profile correlation value first exceeds the aforementioned threshold value in the negative direction, which is the direction in which time is counted backward from the aforementioned maximum peak value, is detected in the aforementioned fixed range in which the aforementioned maximum integral value is calculated, the interval from the aforementioned first position to the aforementioned second position is calculated based on the aforementioned first and second position information and interval information is generated, and demodulation timing can be detected based on the aforementioned interval information and second position information, thereby enabling accurate demodulation timing to be detected in any kind of multipath environment.

(Embodiment 13)

Embodiment 13 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying

drawings. FIG.17 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 13 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 13 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 12 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 12, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.17, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 1400 according to Embodiment 13 of the present invention, a plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, and an addition section 1401, are provided instead of antenna 101, radio receiving section 102, and delay profile generation section 104 of synchronization tracking apparatus 1300 according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus 1400 according to Embodiment 13 of the present invention comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N, addition section 1401, replica generation section 103, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, maximum peak value detection section 1301, positive direction position detection section 1302, negative direction position detection section 1303, interval calculation section 1304, interval

determination section 1305, threshold value changing section 1306, negative direction position storage section 1307, and demodulation timing detection section 1308.

The input terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of replica generation section 103 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N and replica generation section 103. The input terminals of addition section 401 are connected to the output terminals of delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 1400 according to Embodiment 13 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 12 of the present invention will now be described.

Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and send these received signals to radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through 101-N, and send the processed plurality of received signals to replica generation section 103 and delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N.

Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay  
5 profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N. Delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N calculate correlation values between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the plurality of received signals, generate a plurality of delay profiles, and send  
10 these delay profiles to addition section 1401. Addition section 1401 adds the plurality of delay profiles from delay profile generation sections 104-1 through 104-N and sends the result to integral value calculation section 105.

15        Thus, according to Embodiment 13 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 12 of the present invention, a plurality of delay profiles are generated based on a plurality of received signals, these delay profiles are added,  
20 correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of the added delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which  
25 multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling stable demodulation timing to be detected.



(Embodiment 14)

Embodiment 14 of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. FIG.18 is a block diagram showing the configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention. Configuration elements in Embodiment 14 of the present invention identical to those of Embodiment 12 of the present invention are assigned the same reference codes as in Embodiment 12, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.18, in a synchronization tracking apparatus 1500 according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention, plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and a selection section 1501, are provided instead of antenna 101 and radio receiving section 102 of synchronization tracking apparatus 1300 according to Embodiment 12 of the present invention.

That is to say, synchronization tracking apparatus 1500 according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention comprises plurality of antennas 101-1 through 101-N, radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, selection section 1501, replica generation section 103, delay profile generation section 104, integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral value detection section 106, maximum peak value detection section 1301, positive direction position detection section 1302,

negative direction position detection section 1303,  
interval calculation section 1304, interval  
determination section 1305, threshold value changing  
section 1306, negative direction position storage section  
5 1307, and demodulation timing detection section 1308.

The input terminals of radio receiving sections  
102-1 through 102-N are connected to the output terminals  
of antennas 101-1 through 101-N. The input terminals of  
replica generation section 103 are connected to the output  
10 terminals of radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N.  
The input terminals of selection section 1501 are  
connected to the output terminals of radio receiving  
sections 102-1 through 102-N. The input terminals of  
delay profile generation section 104 are connected to  
15 the output terminals of selection section 1501 and replica  
generation section 103.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus  
1500 according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention  
that differ from those of Embodiment 12 of the present  
20 invention will now be described.

Antennas 101-1 through 101-N receive a plurality  
of radio transmit signals transmitted from a transmitting  
apparatus (not shown), generate received signals, and  
send these received signals to radio receiving sections  
25 102-1 through 102-N. Radio receiving sections 102-1  
through 102-N perform predetermined processing on the  
plurality of received signals from antennas 101-1 through  
101-N, and send the processed plurality of received

signals to replica generation section 103 and selection section 1501. Replica generation section 103 performs multicarrier demodulation of a known signal of the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, generates a replica, and sends this replica to delay profile generation section 104. Selection section 1501 selects the received signal with the best reception quality from the plurality of received signals from radio receiving sections 102-1 through 102-N, and sends this received signal to delay profile generation section 104. Delay profile generation section 104 calculates a correlation value between the replica from replica generation section 103 and the received signal from selection section 1501, and generates a delay profile.

Thus, according to Embodiment 14 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 12 of the present invention, a delay profile is generated based on the received signal with the best reception quality among a plurality of received signals, correlation value integration is performed for each fixed range of the delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling highly precise demodulation timing to

be detected.

(Embodiment 15)

Embodiment 15 of the present invention will now be  
5 explained in detail with reference to the accompanying  
drawings. FIG.19 is a block diagram showing the  
configuration of a synchronization tracking apparatus  
according to Embodiment 15 of the present invention.  
Configuration elements in Embodiment 15 of the present  
10 invention identical to those of Embodiment 12 of the  
present invention are assigned the same reference codes  
as in Embodiment 12, and descriptions thereof are omitted.

As shown in FIG.19, in a synchronization tracking  
apparatus 1600 according to Embodiment 15 of the present  
15 invention, a delay profile generation section 1610 is  
provided instead of delay profile generation section 104  
of synchronization tracking apparatus 1300 according to  
Embodiment 12 of the present invention. That is to say,  
synchronization tracking apparatus 1600 according to  
20 Embodiment 15 of the present invention comprises antenna  
101, radio receiving section 102, replica generation  
section 103, delay profile generation section 1610,  
integral value calculation section 105, maximum integral  
value detection section 106, maximum peak value detection  
25 section 1301, positive direction position detection  
section 1302, negative direction position detection  
section 1303, interval calculation section 1304, interval  
determination section 1305, threshold value changing

section 1306, negative direction position storage section 1307, and demodulation timing detection section 1308.

Delay profile generation section 1610 comprises a correlation value generation section 1611, thinning-out  
5 interval setting section 1612, and in-phase addition section 1613. The input terminals of correlation value generation section 1611 are connected to the output terminals of radio receiving section 102 and replica generation section 103. The input terminals of in-phase  
10 addition section 1613 are connected to the output terminals of correlation value generation section 1611 and thinning-out interval setting section 1612. The output terminal of in-phase addition section 1613 is connected to the input terminal of integral value  
15 calculation section 105.

Operations of synchronization tracking apparatus 1600 according to Embodiment 15 of the present invention that differ from those of Embodiment 12 of the present invention will now be described.

20 Correlation value generation section 1611 calculates a correlation value between a replica from replica generation section 103 and a received signal from radio receiving section 102, and sends this correlation value to in-phase addition section 1613. Thinning-out  
25 interval setting section 1612 sets a thinning-out interval and conveys this thinning-out interval to in-phase addition section 1613. When performing in-phase addition of correlation values from correlation

value generation section 1611, in-phase addition section 1613 thins out correlation values based on the thinning-out interval from thinning-out interval setting section 1612 and performs in-phase addition, generates  
5 a correlation value, and sends this correlation value to integral value calculation section 105.

Thus, according to Embodiment 15 of the present invention, in addition to obtaining the effect of Embodiment 12 of the present invention, when performing  
10 in-phase addition of delay profile correlation values, correlation values are thinned out based on a predetermined thinning-out interval in performing in-phase addition, a correlation value is generated, correlation value integration is performed for each fixed  
15 range of the delay profile and a plurality of integral values are calculated, the maximum integral value, which is the maximum value of the aforementioned integral values, is detected, and the demodulation timing at which multicarrier demodulation is performed is detected from  
20 the position of the aforementioned maximum integral value, thereby enabling the amount of computation to be reduced.

This application is based on Japanese Patent Application No.2002-320445 filed on November 1, 2002, and Japanese Patent Application No.2002-332052 and  
25 Japanese Patent Application No.2002-332053 filed on November 15, 2002, the entire content of which is expressly incorporated by reference herein.

Industrial Applicability

The present invention is applicable to a multicarrier communication system and method.